## **CLAIMS**

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. A method of testing a planar lightwave circuit comprising:
2	coupling a first optical probe having a side-polished optical fiber to the
3	planar lightwave circuit; and
4	testing an optical pathway within the planar lightwave circuit by transmitting
5	or receiving light through the first optical probe.
1	2. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
2	coupling a second optical probe having a second side-polished optical fiber
3	to the planar lightwave circuit; and
4	using the second optical probe in combination with the first optical probe to
5	send and receive a light beam through the planar lightwave circuit.
1	3. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
2	using an index-matching fluid as an interface between the first optical probe
3	and the planar lightwave circuit.
1	4. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
2	adding an additional layer of upper cladding to the planar lightwave circuit
3	after removing the first optical probe.

1	5. The method of claim 1, wherein testing the optical pathway within the planar
2	lightwave circuit is performed on a PLC wafer prior to dicing the PLC wafer.
1	6. The method of claim 1, wherein testing the optical pathway within the planar
2	lightwave circuit is performed on a PLC die prior to permanently attaching optical fibers
3	to the PLC die.
1	7. The method of claim 1, wherein testing the optical pathway within the planar
2	lightwave circuit is performed on a PLC die after permanently attaching optical fibers to
3	the PLC die.
1	8. A method of testing a planar lightwave circuit comprising:
2	coupling a first optical probe to a first portion of the planar lightwave circuit;
3	directing a light beam through the first optical probe into the planar
4	lightwave circuit;
5	coupling a second optical probe to a second portion of the planar lightwave
6	circuit; and
7	receiving the light beam through the second optical probe, wherein the first
8	and second optical probes comprise side-polished optical fibers.
1	9. The method of claim 8 further comprising:
2	using an index-matching fluid as an interface between the first optical probe
3	and the planar lightwave circuit.

1	10. The method of claim 8, wherein the first optical probe is positioned with six
2	degrees of freedom.
1	11. The method of claim 8, wherein the second optical probe is positioned with
2	six degrees of freedom.
1	12. The method of claim 8, wherein directing the light beam through the first
2	optical probe into the planar lightwave circuit is accomplished by coupling a laser to the
3	first optical probe.
1	13. The method of claim 8, wherein testing the planar lightwave circuit is
2	performed on a PLC wafer comprising multiple identical PLC dice.
1	14. The method of claim 8, wherein testing the planar lightwave circuit is
2	performed on a PLC die prior to permanently attaching optical fibers to the PLC die.
1	15. The method of claim 8, wherein testing the planar lightwave circuit is
2	performed on a PLC die after permanently attaching optical fibers to the PLC die.
1	16. An optical probe comprising:
2	an optical fiber that has been side-polished; and
3	an alignment stage to hold the optical fiber in position as a directional
4	coupler with a planar waveguide.
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1	17. The optical probe of claim 16, wherein the alignment stage allows six degrees
2	of freedom for movement of the optical fiber.
1	18. The optical probe of claim 16 further comprising:
2	a laser coupled to provide a light beam into optical fiber.
1	19. The optical probe of claim 16 further comprising:
2	a photodetector coupled to receive a light beam through the optical fiber.
1	20. A method of making an optical probe comprising an optical fiber having a
2	core and an outer cladding, the method comprising:
3	polishing a side of the optical fiber until the core of the optical fiber is
4	exposed; and
5	attaching a first portion of the optical fiber to an alignment stage.
1	21. The method of claim 20 further comprising:
2	attaching a second portion of the optical fiber to a light source.
1	22. The method of claim 20 further comprising:
2	attaching a second portion of the optical fiber to photodetector.